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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/079,873	02/22/2002	Hiromitsu Tanaka	219871US0	7887
22850	7590 08/12/2004		EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C.			LE, HOA VAN	
1940 DUKE	STREET IA, VA 22314	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ALLMANDA			1752	

DATE MAILED: 08/12/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(a)				
Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/079,873	TANAKA ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Hoa V. Le	1752				
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	ppears on the cover sheet	vith the correspondence address -				
THE - Extended - If th - If No - Fail Any	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. or SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu- treply received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).		a reply be timely filed  airty (30) days will be considered timely.  DNTHS from the mailing date of this communica  ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. 8 133)	ation.			
Status							
1)[	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 I	May 2004 and 22 July 200	)4				
2a)□	<u> </u>						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	tion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>21-36</u> is/are withdrated claim(s) <u> is/are allowed.</u> Claim(s) <u>1-8 with 9-20 being permitted to be a claim(s) <u> is/are objected to.</u> Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> are subject to restriction and/or</u>	awn from consideration.  rejoined is/are rejected.	•				
Applicat	tion Papers			,			
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on 22 February 2004 is/at Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine The specification is objected to be specification.	re: a) $\square$ accepted or b) $\square$ e drawing(s) be held in abeyaction is required if the drawin	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	` '			
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureassee the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received.  Its have been received in ority documents have bee au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage				
, Attachmer	nt(s)						
1) 🔯 Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)				
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 er No(s)/Mail Date —.	Paper No	(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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This is in response to Elections filed on 24 May and 22 July 2004.

1. Applicant's election with traverse of the invention of Group I, claims 1-8 with claims 920 being permitted to be rejoined therewith in the reply filed on 24 May and 22 July 2004 is
acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that (1) the restrictions are improper and (2) an
additional search is not burdensome. This is not found persuasive because (\*) it is contended
that the restrictions are proper as clearly pointed out and set forth on the record with a suggestion
that applicants are urged to show or provide an evidence to the contrary for the record and (\*\*)
an additional search is burdensome. Evidence can be seen that the elected process invention of
Group I, especially see claim 1, is related, made, practiced and obtained with an electrolyte
polymer having no side chain or terminal acid group, intermediate acid group or modified acid
group. Applicants should show or provide a convincing evidence to the contrary. In the absence
of convincing evidence to the contrary, the restriction would be removed.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

- II. The elected species on the record have been considered and search. The consideration and search are extended to the applied species. Other non-elected species have not been considered, searched or examined until all of the elected and applied are overcome.
- III. A. (1) It is allowed to claim by a functional, characteristic, conditional, physical and/or chemical property of a material and /or process. (2) However, a claimed functional,

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characteristic, conditional, physical and/or chemical property of a material and/or process carries with a risk (In re In re Schreiber, 44 USPQ2d 1432). It is reasonable that the Office is not supplied, provided or equipped with a sufficient facility to carry out a test for the functional, characteristic, conditional, physical and/or chemical properties as claimed in accordance with the authority stated in In re Best, 195 USPQ 430; Ex parte Maizel, 27 USPQ2d 1662 or Ex parte Phillip, 28 USPQ2d 1302. Please also see the related issue with respect no patentable sense as stated in In re Hutchison, 69 USPQ 138. The language "polymer electrolyte" or "polymer precursor" or the like is considered as a property of a material and is searched as appeared.

B. In re Schreiber, 44 USPQ2d 1429 states that "A patent applicant is free to recite features of an apparatus either structurally or functionally. See In re Swinehart...169 USPQ 226, 228...Yet, choosing to define an element functionally, i.e., by what it does, carries with a risk. As our predecessor court state in Swinehart... where the Patent Office has reasons that the functional limitation asserted to be critical for establishing novelty in the claimed subject mater may, in fact, be an inherent characteristic of the prior art, it possesses the authority to require the applicant to prove that the subject matter shown to be in the prior art does not possess the characteristic relied on." A statement or argument alone may have and be given a little to no value because it is not factual evidence.

- IV. Applicants' prior art submission filed on 22 February 2002 has been considered.
- V. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 5 and 7 with independent claim 1 being broadest and respect to the applied species are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Helmer-Metzmann et al (5,741,408).

Helmer-Metzmann et al disclose, teach and suggest a process of treating an electrolyte polymer with an amine type containing compound. Please see the whole disclosure of applied reference, especially at col.4:35-54, electrolyte polymers (VII), (II), (III), col.7:64-8 10:1, Examples 4 and 6. At the level of one skilled in the art, it is believed that Helmer-Metzmann et al is reasonably disclose, teach and suggest the claimed process at the time the invention was made. Should applicant disagree or urge otherwise, the law requires that applicants must show or provide a convincing evidence to the contrary to speed up the prosecution and to avoid any later work for an inherency of the claimed property and made or obtained product since a claim would has no value if someone later shows it to be known or used either together in one reference or a combined references. Law that applicant must show a convincing evidence to the contrary for his claimed property, process and made or obtained product as clearly pointed out and set forth in paragraph "III" since a statement or argument alone may has and be given a little value because it is not a factual evidence.

VI. Claims 1-8 with independent claim 1 being broadest and respect to the elected and applied species are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Michot et al (6,670,424).

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Michot et al disclose, teach and suggest a process of treating an electrolyte polymer with an amine type containing compound. Please see the whole disclosure of applied reference, especially at col.5:1-67 with "TEA" being triethylamine to one skilled in the art at col.5:37, Examples 2, 3, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11. At the level of one skilled in the art, it is believed that Michot et al is reasonably disclose, teach and suggest the claimed process at the time the invention was made. Should applicant disagree or urge otherwise, the law requires that applicants must show or provide a convincing evidence to the contrary to speed up the prosecution and to avoid any later work for an inherency of the claimed property and made or obtained product since a claim would has no value if someone later shows it to be known or used either together in one reference or a combined references. Law that applicant must show a convincing evidence to the contrary for his claimed property, process and made or obtained product as clearly pointed out and set forth in paragraph "III" since a statement or argument alone may has and be given a little value because it is not a factual evidence.

VII. Claims 1 and 6-8 with independent claim 1 being broadest and respect to the elected and applied species are provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moya (Application Serial Nos. 10/089,217 or its division 10/848,399 which is equivalent to WO 01/27167 as submitted).

Moya discloses, teaches and suggests a process of treating an electrolyte polymer with an amine type containing compound. Please see the whole disclosure of applied reference WO...167 as submitted, especially at page 21, second paragraph from the bottom, page 29, last paragraph, Examples 1, 2 and 3, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11. At the level of one skilled in the art, it is

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believed that Moya is reasonably disclose, teach and suggest the claimed process at the time the invention was made. Should applicant disagree or urge otherwise, the law requires that applicants must show or provide a convincing evidence to the contrary to speed up the prosecution and to avoid any later work for an inherency of the claimed property and made or obtained product since a claim would has no value if someone later shows it to be known or used either together in one reference or a combined references. Law that applicant must show a convincing evidence to the contrary for his claimed property, process and made or obtained product as clearly pointed out and set forth in paragraph "III" since a statement or argument alone may has and be given a little value because it is not a factual evidence.

VIII. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hoa V. Le whose telephone number is 571-272-1332.

The examiner can normally be reached from 6:30 AM to 4:00 PM on Monday though Thursday and about the same time of most Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cynthia Kelley can be reached on 571-272-1526.

Applicants may file a paper by (1) fax with a central facsimile receiving number 703-872-9306,

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

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system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Hoa V. Le Primary Examiner Art Unit 1752

HVL 04 August 2004 HOA VAN LE PRIMARY EXAMINER